UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

Current Report
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): April 28, 2020

First Busey Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

0-15950

(Commission File Number)

37-1078406

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

100 W. University Ave. Champaign , Illinois 61820 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(217) 365-4544

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)

	eck the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the ovisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
Sec	curities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	BUSE	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act	t of 1933 (§ 230.405 of
this chapter) or Rule 12b− 2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b−2 of this chapter). □	(5

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On April 28, 2020, First Busey Corporation ("First Busey") issued a press release disclosing financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2020. A copy of the press release is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein by reference.

The information in Item 2.02 of this Current Report on Form 8-K and Exhibit 99.1 attached hereto is being "furnished" and will not, except to the extent required by applicable law or regulation, be deemed "filed" by First Busey for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor will any of such information or exhibits be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or the Exchange Act.

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.

On April 28, 2020, First Busey published supplemental slides discussing First Busey's financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 and coronavirus disease 2019 response. A copy is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.2 and is incorporated herein by reference.

The information in Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K and Exhibit 99.2 attached hereto is being "furnished" and will not, except to the extent required by applicable law or regulation, be deemed "filed" by First Busey for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor will any of such information or exhibits be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

- 99.1 Press Release issued by First Busey Corporation, dated April 28, 2020.
- 99.2 Supplemental slides issued by First Busey Corporation, dated April 28, 2020.
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: April 28, 2020 First Busey Corporation

By: /s/ Jeffrey D. Jones
Name: Jeffrey D. Jones

Title: Chief Financial Officer

First Busey Announces COVID-19 Response and 2020 First Quarter Earnings

Champaign, IL - (Nasdaq: BUSE)



Message from our President & CEO

COVID-19 Response

First Busey Corporation ("First Busey" or the "Company") is positioned to execute its mission as an essential community resource during these challenging times. The coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") is not only impacting health and safety around the world, it is causing significant economic disruption for both individuals and businesses, making the Company's promise of support even more important to customers. First Busey is offering a Financial Relief Program to customers designed to alleviate some of the hardships qualifying customers may face as a result of COVID-19 and the resulting economic impacts, offering solutions for all types of customers—including retail, personal loan and mortgage—as well as commercial clients and small businesses. The program includes options for loan payment deferrals as well as certain fee waivers.

As part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), Congress appropriated approximately \$349 billion for the creation of the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") and then authorized a second phase for another \$310 billion in PPP loans. This program provides payroll assistance for the nation's nearly 30 million small businesses—and select nonprofits—in the form of 100% government-guaranteed low-interest loans from the U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA"). First Busey has served as a bridge for the program, actively helping existing and new business clients sign up for this important financial resource. First Busey has funded \$657.3 million in loans under this program for 2,508 customers as of April 24, 2020.

In early March, to support the efforts of public health authorities and help curtail the spread of COVID-19 and ensure the safety of its associates, the Company initiated its pandemic response plan, expanding social-distancing practices and providing remote work capabilities. On March 19, 2020, the Company suspended lobby services and began servicing in-person customers exclusively from its drive-up windows out of an abundance of caution.

In the face of the challenges and risks posed by COVID-19, the Company remains resolute in its focus on protecting the strength and flexibility of its balance sheet. As a matter of policy and practice, the Company limits the level of concentration exposure in any particular loan segment and maintains a well-diversified loan portfolio. In anticipation of the potential risks associated with COVID-19, the Company took actions in early March to increase the vigilance and escalate the monitoring of susceptible industry sectors and exposures within its portfolio. Furthermore, the Company maintains strong capital and liquidity positions. The progression of the COVID-19 pandemic in the United States began to negatively impact the Company's results of operations during the quarter ended March 31, 2020. Going forward, COVID-19 can be expected to have a complex and significant adverse impact on the economy, the banking industry and First Busey in future fiscal periods, all subject to a high degree of uncertainty as it relates to both timing and severity. Primary areas of potential impact to the Company include margin compression, provision expense, wealth management fees, fees for customer services and asset quality.

First Quarter Financial Results and Adoption of CECL Methodology

First Busey's net income for the first quarter of 2020 was \$15.4 million, or \$0.28 per diluted common share, as compared to \$28.6 million, or \$0.52 per diluted common share, for the first quarter of 2019 and \$25.5 million, or \$0.48 per diluted common share, for the first quarter of 2019. Adjusted net income ¹ for the first quarter of 2020 was \$15.5 million, or \$0.28 per diluted common share, as compared to \$31.8 million, or \$0.57 per diluted common share, for the fourth quarter of 2019 and \$26.6 million, or \$0.50 per diluted common share, for the first quarter of 2019. Pre-provision net revenue ¹ for the first quarter of 2020 was \$35.8 million as compared to \$37.5 million for the fourth quarter of 2019 and \$37.1 million for the first quarter of 2019. Adjusted pre-provision net revenue ¹ for the first quarter of 2020 was \$38.2 million as compared to \$41.1 million for the fourth quarter of 2019 and \$38.6 million for the first quarter of 2019. For the first quarter of 2020, annualized return on average assets and annualized return on average tangible common equity ¹ were 0.64% and 7.30%, respectively. Based on adjusted net income ¹, annualized return on average assets was 0.64% and annualized return on average tangible common equity ¹ was 7.36% for the first quarter of 2020.

¹ A Non-GAAP financial measure. See "Non-GAAP Financial Information" below for reconciliation.

On January 1, 2020, the Company adopted ASU 2016-13 (Topic 326), "Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments," commonly referenced as the Current Expected Credit Loss ("CECL") model. Upon adoption of CECL, the Company recognized a \$16.8 million increase in its allowance for credit losses, substantially attributable to the remaining loan fair value marks on prior acquisitions, and a \$5.5 million increase in its reserve for unfunded commitments. Under accounting rules, the reserve for unfunded commitments is carried on the balance sheet in other liabilities rather than as a component of the allowance for credit losses. These one-time increases, net of tax, were \$15.9 million and recorded as an adjustment to beginning retained earnings. Ongoing impacts of the CECL methodology will be dependent upon changes in economic conditions and forecasts, originated and acquired loan portfolio composition, credit performance trends, portfolio duration, and other factors. During the first quarter of 2020, the Company recorded provision for credit losses of \$17.2 million and provision for unfunded commitments of \$1.0 million primarily as a result of economic factors around COVID-19. As a result of these additions, the allowance increased from \$53.7 million at December 31, 2019, to \$84.4 million at March 31, 2020, representing 1.25% of portfolio loans outstanding and 310.10% of non-performing loans.

The Company views certain non-operating items, including acquisition-related and restructuring charges, as adjustments to net income reported under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). Non-operating pretax adjustments for the first quarter of 2020 were \$0.1 million of expenses related to acquisitions. The Company believes that non-GAAP measures (including adjusted pre-provision net revenue, adjusted net income, adjusted earnings per share, adjusted return on average assets, adjusted net interest margin, adjusted efficiency ratio, tangible book value, tangible book value per share and return on average tangible common equity), facilitate the assessment of its financial results and peer comparability. A reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures is included in tabular form at the end of this release.

First Busey's goal of being a strong community bank for the communities it serves begins with outstanding associates. The Company is honored to be named among the 2019 Best Banks to Work For by American Banker, the 2019 Best-In-State Banks for Illinois by Forbes and Statista, the 2019 Best Places to Work in Illinois by Daily Herald Business Ledger, the 2019 Best Companies to Work For in Florida by Florida Trend magazine, the 2019 Best Place to Work in Indiana by the Indiana Chamber of Commerce, the 2019 Best Places to Work in St. Louis Business Journal and the 2019 Best Places to Work in Money Management by Pensions and Investments.

For more than 150 years, First Busey has delivered on a promise of trusted customer relationships and community support. First Busey's storied history of supporting associates, customers and communities continues in today's fluid, ever-evolving landscape.

/s/ Van A. Dukeman President & Chief Executive Officer First Busey Corporation

SELECTED FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 1

As of and for the Three Months Ended (dollars in thousands, except per share data) March 31, December 31. June 30. March 31. September 30. 2020 2019 2019 2019 2019 **EARNINGS & PER SHARE DATA** Pre-provision net revenue ^{2,4} \$ \$ \$ 35,849 37,479 \$ 35,930 \$ 34,330 37,123 Revenue ³ 96,363 102,969 104,051 102,350 94,286 Net income 15,364 28,571 24,828 24,085 25,469 Diluted earnings per share 0.28 0.52 0.45 0.43 0.48 Cash dividends paid per share 0.22 0.21 0.21 0.21 0.21 Net income by operating segment \$ 14,924 \$ 29,573 \$ 25,731 \$ 24,441 \$ 26,665 Banking Remittance Processing 860 958 972 1,105 1,025 2,184 Wealth Management 3,599 2,845 3,465 2,641 AVERAGE BALANCES \$ 477,242 \$ \$ \$ Cash and cash equivalents 533,519 515,965 328,414 220,471 1,897,486 Investment securities 1,738,564 1,677,962 1,780,066 1,722,015 Loans held for sale 61,963 68,480 42,418 25,143 17,249 Portfolio loans 6,658,277 6,657,283 6,558,519 6,528,326 6,128,661 Interest-earning assets 8,817,544 8,810,505 8,781,590 8,666,136 8,088,396 9,688,177 9,522,678 Total assets 9,713,858 9,659,769 8,865,642 Non-interest bearing deposits 1,842,743 1.838.523 1.780.645 1,747,746 1.616.913 Interest-bearing deposits 6,081,972 6,052,529 6,086,378 5,970,408 5,592,495 7,924,715 7,867,023 Total deposits 7,891,052 7,718,154 7,209,408 Securities sold under agreements to repurchase 182,280 204,076 184,637 193,621 204,529 Interest-bearing liabilities 6,512,217 6,557,518 6,064,091 6,537,611 6,493,885 Total liabilities 8,470,017 8,489,411 8,446,936 8.326.876 7,755,770 Stockholders' common equity 1,218,160 1,224,447 1,212,833 1,195,802 1,109,872 Tangible stockholders' common equity ⁴ 845,920 845,179 835,232 818,951 757,285 PERFORMANCE RATIOS Pre-provision net revenue to average assets ^{2,4} 1.49% 1.53% 1.48% 1.45% 1.70% Return on average assets ⁴ 0.64% 1.02% 1.17% 1.01% 1.17% Return on average common equity 5.07% 9.26% 8.12% 8.08% 9.31% Return on average tangible common equity ⁴ 7.30% 13.41% 11.79% 11.80% 13.64% Net interest margin ^{4,5} 3.20% 3.27% 3.35% 3.43% 3.46% Efficiency ratio ⁴ 59.69% 60.54% 62.73% 63.62% 57.99% Non-interest revenue as a % of total revenues ³ 27.95% 30.14% 29.38% 28.26% 27.47% NON-GAAP INFORMATION Adjusted pre-provision net revenue ^{2,4} \$ 38,211 41,131 \$ 43,600 \$ 42.823 38,602 Adjusted net income 4 15,479 31,782 30,535 26,614 29,498 Adjusted diluted earnings per share ⁴ 0.28 0.57 0.55 0.53 0.50 Adjusted pre-provision net revenue to average assets 4 1.59% 1.68% 1.79% 1.80% 1.77% Adjusted return on average assets ⁴ 0.64% 1.30% 1.25% 1.24% 1.22% Adjusted return on average tangible common equity 4 7.36% 14.92% 14.50% 14.25% 14.45% Adjusted net interest margin ^{4,5} 3.07% 3.14% 3.22% 3.27% 3.31% Adjusted efficiency ratio 4 57.02%

55.42%

56.55%

56.43%

59.54%

¹ Results are unaudited.

² Net interest income plus non-interest income, excluding security gains and losses, less non-interest expense.

³ Revenues consist of net interest income plus non-interest income, excluding security gains and losses.

⁴ See "Non-GAAP Financial Information" below for reconciliation.

⁵ On a tax-equivalent basis, assuming a federal income tax rate of 21%.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets ¹

						As of				
(dollars in thousands, except per share data)		March 31,	D	ecember 31,	S	eptember 30,		June 30,		March 31,
		2020		2019		2019		2019		2019
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	342,848	\$	529,288	\$	525,457	\$	420,207	\$	330,407
Investment securities		1,770,881		1,654,209		1,721,865		1,869,143		1,940,519
Loans held for sale		89,943		68,699		70,345		39,607		20,291
Commercial loans		5,040,507		4,943,646		4,900,430		4,759,329		4,744,136
Retail real estate and retail other loans		1,704,992		1,743,603		1,768,985		1,772,797		1,770,945
Portfolio loans	\$	6,745,499	\$	6,687,249	\$	6,669,415	\$	6,532,126	\$	6,515,081
Allowance		(84,384)		(53,748)		(52,965)		(51,375)		(50,915)
Premises and equipment		149,772		151,267		153,641		149,726		147,958
Goodwill and other intangibles		370,572		373,129		381,323		375,327		377,739
Right of use asset		9,074		9,490		9,979		10,426		10,898
Other assets		327,200		276,146		274,700		267,480		245,356
Total assets	\$	9,721,405	\$	9,695,729	\$	9,753,760	\$	9,612,667	\$	9,537,334
Liabilities & Stockholders' Equity	¢	1 010 070	ф	1 000 610	ď	1 770 400	ф	1 700 001	φ	1 701 220
Non-interest bearing deposits	\$	1,910,673	\$	1,832,619	\$	1,779,490	\$	1,766,681	\$	1,791,339
Interest-bearing checking, savings, and money		4 500 5 45		4 50 4 007		4 400 005		4 24 6 720		4 24 4 000
market deposits		4,580,547		4,534,927		4,498,005		4,316,730		4,214,809
Time deposits		1,482,013		1,534,850	Φ.	1,652,971	Φ.	1,749,811	<u></u>	1,757,078
Total deposits	\$	7,973,233		7,902,396	\$	7,930,466	\$	7,833,222	\$	7,763,226
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		167,250		205,491		202,500		190,846		217,077
Short-term borrowings		21,358		8,551		29,739		30,761		30,739
Long-term debt		134,576		182,522		183,968		185,576		188,221
Junior subordinated debt owed to										
unconsolidated trusts		71,347		71,308		71,269		71,230		71,192
Lease liability		9,150		9,552		10,101		10,531		10,982
Other liabilities		126,906		95,475		109,736		86,893		69,756
Total liabilities	\$	8,503,820	\$	8,475,295	\$	8,537,779	\$	8,409,059	\$	8,351,193
Total stockholders' equity	\$	1,217,585	\$	1,220,434	\$	1,215,981	\$	1,203,608	\$	1,186,141
Total liabilities & stockholders' equity	\$	9,721,405	\$	9,695,729	\$	9,753,760	\$	9,612,667	\$	9,537,334
Share Data										
Book value per common share	\$	22.38	\$	22.28	\$	22.03	\$	21.73	\$	21.32
Tangible book value per common share ²	\$	15.57	\$	15.46	\$	15.12	\$	14.95	\$	14.53
Ending number of common shares outstanding		54,401,208		54,788,772		55,197,277		55,386,636		55,624,627

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Results are unaudited except for amounts reported as of December 31, 2019.

 $^{^2}$ See "Non-GAAP Financial Information" below for reconciliation, excludes tax effect of other intangible assets.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income ¹

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	For the Three Months Ended						
	Ma	rch 31, 2020	Dece	ember 31, 2019	Ma	arch 31, 2019	
Interest and fees on loans	\$	72,536	\$	76,290	\$	71,789	
Interest on investment securities		10,659		10,682		11,260	
Other interest income		1,238		1,824		1,232	
Total interest income	\$	84,433	\$	88,796	\$	84,281	
Interest on deposits		12,227		13,670		12,500	
Interest on securities sold under agreements to							
repurchase		408		559		583	
Interest on short-term borrowings		67		156		191	
Interest on long-term debt		1,554		1,719		1,710	
Interest on junior subordinated debt owed to unconsolidated trusts		744		756		914	
Total interest expense	\$	15,000	\$	16,860	\$	15,898	
Net interest income	\$	69,433	\$	71,936	\$	68,383	
Provision for credit losses		17,216		2,367		2,111	
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	\$	52,217	\$	69,569	\$	66,272	
Wealth management fees		11,555		11,223		9,029	
Fees for customer services		8,361		9,048		8,097	
Remittance processing		3,753		3,765		3,780	
Mortgage revenue		1,381		3,576		1,945	
Income on bank owned life insurance		1,057		1,142		978	
Security gains (losses), net		587		605		42	
Other		823		2,279		2,074	
Total non-interest income	\$	27,517	\$	31,638	\$	25,945	
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		34,003		35,117		32,341	
Data processing		4,395		6,462		4,401	
Net occupancy expense of premises		4,715		4,811		4,202	
Furniture and equipment expense		2,449		2,570		2,095	
Professional fees		1,824		2,103		3,187	
Amortization of intangible assets		2,557		2,681		2,094	
Other		10,571		11,746		8,843	
Total non-interest expense	\$	60,514	\$	65,490	\$	57,163	
Income before income taxes	\$	19,220	\$	35,717	\$	35,054	
Income taxes	Ψ	3,856	Ψ	7,146	Ψ	9,585	
Net income	\$	15,364	\$	28,571	\$	25,469	
D. Ch., D.							
Per Share Data							
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.28	\$	0.52	\$	0.48	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.28	\$	0.52	\$	0.48	
Average common shares outstanding		54,661,787		55,055,530		53,277,102	
Diluted average common shares outstanding		54,913,329		55,363,258		53,577,935	

¹ Results are unaudited.

Balance Sheet Growth

At March 31, 2020, portfolio loans were \$6.75 billion, as compared to \$6.69 billion as of December 31, 2019 and \$6.52 billion as of March 31, 2019. The increase as of March 31, 2020 from December 31, 2019 related to organic commercial loan growth of \$96.9 million partially offset by a decline in retail real estate and retail other loans of \$38.6 million. Average portfolio loans were steady at \$6.66 billion for the first quarter of 2020 and fourth quarter of 2019 compared to \$6.13 billion in the first quarter of 2019. Average interest-earning assets for the first quarter of 2020 increased to \$8.82 billion compared to \$8.81 billion for the fourth quarter of 2019 and \$8.09 billion for the first quarter of 2019.

Total deposits were \$7.97 billion at March 31, 2020, compared to \$7.90 billion at December 31, 2019 and \$7.76 billion at March 31, 2019. The Company remains funded primarily through core deposits with significant market share in its primary markets.

Net Interest Margin and Net Interest Income

Net interest margin for the first quarter of 2020 was 3.20%, compared to 3.27% for the fourth quarter of 2019 and 3.46% for the first quarter of 2019. Net interest income was \$69.4 million in the first quarter of 2020 compared to \$71.9 million in the fourth quarter of 2019 and \$68.4 million in the first quarter of 2019.

The Federal Open Market Committee ("FOMC") lowered Federal Funds Target Rates for the first time in 11 years on July 31, 2019 and then again on September 18, 2019 and October 30, 2019, for a combined decrease of 75 basis points during 2019. In response to the potential economic risks posed by COVID-19, the FOMC took further action during the quarter, lowering the Federal Funds Target Rate by 50 basis points on March 3, 2020, followed by an additional 100 basis point reduction on March 15, 2020. These rate cuts contributed to the decline in net interest margin, as assets, in particular commercial loans, repriced more quickly and to a greater extent than liabilities.

Asset Quality

Loans 30-89 days past due were \$10.2 million as of March 31, 2020, a decrease from \$14.3 million as of December 31, 2019, and \$10.8 million as of March 31, 2019. Non-performing loans totaled \$27.2 million as of March 31, 2020, a decrease from \$29.5 million as of December 31, 2019, and \$36.6 million as of March 31, 2019. Continued disciplined credit management resulted in non-performing loans as a percentage of total loans of 0.40% at March 31, 2020 as compared to 0.44% at December 31, 2019 and 0.56% at March 31, 2019.

Net charge-offs totaled \$3.4 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 compared to \$1.6 million and \$1.8 million for the quarters ended December 31, 2019 and March 31, 2019, respectively. The increase for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 was largely attributable to the charge-off of one credit relationship that had been on non-accrual with a specific reserve of \$2.7 million at December 31, 2019.

With the adoption of CECL, the allowance as a percentage of portfolio loans increased to 1.25% at March 31, 2020, as compared to 0.80% at December 31, 2019 and 0.78% at March 31, 2019. The allowance as a percentage of non-performing loans increased to 310.10% at March 31, 2020 compared to 182.15% at December 31, 2019 and 139.17% at March 31, 2019.

Asset Quality 1

(dollars in thousands) As of and for the Three Months Ended

	I	March 31, 2020	D	ecember 31, 2019	Se	eptember 30, 2019	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2019
Portfolio loans	\$	6,745,499	\$	6,687,249	\$	6,669,415	\$ 6,532,126	\$ 6,515,081
Loans 30-89 days past due		10,150		14,271		12,434	18,040	10,780
Non-performing loans:								
Non-accrual loans		25,672		27,896		31,827	32,816	36,230
Loans 90+ days past due		1,540		1,611		1,276	258	356
Total non-performing loans	\$	27,212	\$	29,507	\$	33,103	\$ 33,074	\$ 36,586
Total non-performing loans, segregated by geography								
Illinois/ Indiana		17,761		20,428		24,296	24,509	28,847
Missouri		5,711		5,227		8,202	7,778	6,593
Florida		3,740		3,852		605	787	1,146
Other non-performing assets		3,553		3,057		926	936	921
Total non-performing assets	\$	30,765	\$	32,564	\$	34,029	\$ 34,010	\$ 37,507
Total non-performing assets to total assets		0.32%		0.34%	, —	0.35%	 0.35%	 0.39%
Total non-performing assets to portfolio loans and non-								
performing assets		0.46%		0.49%)	0.51%	0.52%	0.58%
Allowance to portfolio loans		1.25%		0.80%)	0.79%	0.79%	0.78%
Allowance as a percentage of non-performing loans		310.10%		182.15%)	160.00%	155.33%	139.17%
Net charge-offs		3,413		1,584		1,821	2,057	1,844
Provision		17,216		2,367		3,411	2,517	2,111

¹ Results are unaudited.

Non-Interest Income

Total non-interest income of \$27.5 million for the first quarter of 2020 decreased as compared to \$31.6 million in the fourth quarter of 2019 and increased as compared to \$25.9 million in the first quarter of 2019. Revenues from wealth management fees and remittance processing activities represented 55.6% of the Company's non-interest income for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, providing a balance to spread-based revenue from traditional banking activities.

Wealth management fees were \$11.6 million for the first quarter of 2020, an increase from \$11.2 million for the fourth quarter of 2019 and \$9.0 million for the first quarter of 2019. Net income from the Wealth Management segment was \$3.6 million for the first quarter of 2020, an increase from \$3.5 million for the fourth quarter of 2019 and \$2.6 million in the first quarter of 2019. First Busey's Wealth Management division ended the first quarter of 2020 with \$8.93 billion in assets under care, a 7.9% decrease from \$9.70 billion at December 31, 2019 as a result of market volatility. The Wealth Management division experienced new customer inflows, net of redemptions, of \$18.8 million during the first quarter of 2020.

Remittance processing revenue from the Company's subsidiary, FirsTech, of \$3.8 million for the first quarter of 2020 was steady with the fourth and first quarters of 2019. The Remittance Processing operating segment generated net income of \$0.9 million for the first quarter of 2020 as compared to \$1.0 million for the fourth and first quarters of 2019.

The decrease in other non-interest income in the first quarter of 2020 as compared to the first and fourth quarters of 2019 primarily relates to amortization for a New Market Tax Credit of \$1.2 million, which is offset in tax expense.

Operating Efficiency

The efficiency ratio was 59.69% for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 compared to 60.54% for the quarter ended December 31, 2019 and 57.99% for the quarter ended March 31, 2019. The adjusted efficiency ratio ¹ was 59.54% for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, 57.02% for the quarter ended December 31, 2019, and 56.43% for the quarter ended March 31, 2019. The Company remains focused on expense discipline.

Specific areas of non-interest expense are as follows:

- Salaries, wages and employee benefits were \$34.0 million in the first quarter of 2020, a decrease from \$35.1 million in the fourth quarter of 2019 but an increase from \$32.3 million from the first quarter of 2019. Total full-time equivalents at March 31, 2020 numbered 1,507 compared to 1,531 at December 31, 2019 and 1,589 at March 31, 2019.
- Data processing expense in the first quarter of 2020 of \$4.4 million decreased compared to \$6.5 million in the fourth quarter of 2019 and was steady with the first quarter of 2019.
- Other expense in the first quarter of 2020 of \$10.6 million decreased compared to \$11.7 million in the fourth quarter of 2019 and increased compared to \$8.8 million in the first quarter of 2019. The first quarter of 2020 other expense includes a \$1.0 million provision for unfunded commitments.

Capital Strength

The Company's strong capital levels, coupled with its earnings, have allowed First Busey to provide a steady return to its stockholders through dividends. The Company will pay a cash dividend on May 1, 2020 of \$0.22 per common share to stockholders of record as of April 24, 2020. The Company has consistently paid dividends to its common stockholders since the bank holding company was organized in 1980.

As of March 31, 2020, the Company continued to exceed the capital adequacy requirements necessary to be considered "well-capitalized" under applicable regulatory guidelines. The Company's tangible common equity ¹ ("TCE") was \$863.5 million at March 31, 2020, compared to \$864.6 million at December 31, 2019 and \$826.2 million at March 31, 2019. TCE in the quarter was impacted by the negative adjustment to beginning retained earnings of \$15.9 million recorded upon the adoption of CECL. TCE represented 9.22% of tangible assets at March 31, 2020, compared to 9.26% at December 31, 2019 and 9.00% at March 31, 2019. ¹

During the first quarter of 2020, the Company purchased 407,850 shares of its common stock at an average price of \$23.71 per share for a total of \$9.7 million under the Company's stock repurchase plan. On February 5, 2020, First Busey's board of directors approved an amendment to increase the authorized shares under the repurchase program by 2,000,000 shares. Repurchases were executed in contemplation of maintaining levels of treasury stock appropriate to satisfy compensation awards, in addition to favorable pricing of the Company's shares during the first quarter of 2020. On March 16, 2020, due to uncertainties relating to COVID-19, the Company suspended share repurchases. At March 31, 2020, the Company held 1,509,525 shares in treasury and had 1,982,088 shares available to be purchased under the plan.

1Q20 Quarterly Supplement

For additional information on the Company's response to COVID-19, financial condition and operating results, please refer to the 1Q20 Quarterly Supplement presentation furnished via Form 8-K on April 28, 2020, in conjunction with this earnings release.

¹ A Non-GAAP financial measure. See "Non-GAAP Financial Information" below for reconciliation.

Corporate Profile

As of March 31, 2020, First Busey Corporation (Nasdaq: BUSE) was a \$9.72 billion financial holding company headquartered in Champaign, Illinois.

Busey Bank, the wholly-owned bank subsidiary of First Busey Corporation, had total assets of \$9.70 billion as of March 31, 2020 and is headquartered in Champaign, Illinois, with 61 banking centers serving Illinois, 13 banking centers serving Missouri, five banking centers serving southwest Florida and a banking center in Indianapolis, Indiana. Through the Busey Wealth Management division, the Company provides asset management, investment and fiduciary services to individuals, businesses and foundations. As of March 31, 2020, assets under care were approximately \$8.93 billion. Busey Bank owns a retail payment processing subsidiary, FirsTech, Inc., which processes approximately 28 million transactions per year using online bill payment, lockbox processing and walk-in payments at its 4,000 agent locations in 43 states. More information about FirsTech, Inc. can be found at firstechpayments.com.

Busey Bank was named among *Forbes* ' **2019 Best-In-State Banks** —one of five in Illinois and 173 from across the country, equivalent to 2.8% of all U.S.banks. Best-In-State Banks are awarded for exceptional customer experiences as determined by a survey sample of 25,000+ banking customers who rated banks on trust, terms and conditions, branch services, digital services and financial advice.

For more information about us, visit busey.com.

Contacts:

Jeffrey D. Jones, Chief Financial Officer 217-365-4130

Non-GAAP Financial Information

This earnings release contains certain financial information determined by methods other than GAAP. These measures include adjusted pre-provision net revenue, adjusted net income, adjusted earnings per share, adjusted return on average assets, adjusted net interest margin, adjusted efficiency ratio, tangible common equity, tangible common equity to tangible assets, tangible book value per share and return on average tangible common equity. Management uses these non-GAAP measures, together with the related GAAP measures, in analysis of the Company's performance and in making business decisions. Management also uses these measures for peer comparisons.

A reconciliation to what management believes to be the most direct compared GAAP financial measures, specifically total net interest income in the case of pre-provision net revenue, net income in the case of adjusted net income, adjusted earnings per share and adjusted return on average assets, total net interest income in the case of adjusted net interest margin, total non-interest income and total non-interest expense in the case of adjusted efficiency ratio and total stockholders' equity in the case of tangible common equity, tangible common equity to tangible assets, tangible book value per share and return on average tangible common equity, appears below. The Company believes the adjusted measures are useful for investors and management to understand the effects of certain non-recurring non-interest items and provide additional perspective on the Company's performance over time as well as comparison to the Company's peers.

These non-GAAP disclosures have inherent limitations and are not audited. They should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the results reported in accordance with GAAP, nor are they necessarily comparable to non-GAAP performance measures that may be presented by other companies. Tax effected numbers included in these non-GAAP disclosures are based on estimated statutory rates and effective rates as appropriate.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures - Pre-Provision Net Revenue

	Three Months Ended							
	March 31,		December 31,			March 31,		
		2020		2019		2019		
Net interest income	\$	69,433	\$	71,936	\$	68,383		
Non-interest income		27,517		31,638		25,945		
Net losses/gains on sales of securities and unrealized losses/ gains recognized on equity								
securities		(587)		(605)		(42)		
Non-interest expense		(60,514)		(65,490)		(57,163)		
Pre-provision net revenue	\$	35,849	\$	37,479	\$	37,123		
•					-			
Acquisition expenses		145		3,652		1,479		
Provision for unfunded commitments		1,017		-		-		
New Market Tax Credit impairment		1,200		-		-		
Adjusted Pre-provision net revenue	\$	38,211	\$	41,131	\$	38,602		
Average total assets	\$	9,688,177	\$	9,713,858	\$	8,865,642		
Reported : Pre-provision net revenue to average assets ¹		1.49%	,	1.53%		1.70%		
Adjusted : Pre-provision net revenue to average assets ¹		1.59%)	1.68%		1.77%		

 $^{^{1}}$ Annualized measure.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures – Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Earnings Per Share and Return on Average Assets

(dollars in thousands)

		Three Months Ended						
	_	March 31, 2020				March 31, 2019		
Net income	\$	15,364	\$	28,571	\$	25,469		
Acquisition expenses								
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		-		367		-		
Data processing		-		1,017		7		
Lease or fixed asset impairment		-		165		-		
Other (includes professional and legal)		145		879		1,205		
Other restructuring costs								
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		-		38		-		
Fixed asset impairment		-		1,861		-		
Data processing		-		351		100		
Other (includes professional and legal)		-		796		167		
MSR valuation impairment		-		(1,822)		-		
Related tax benefit		(30)		(441)		(334)		
Adjusted net income	\$	15,479	\$	31,782	\$	26,614		
Pilate de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la companya de		E4 042 220		FF 262 2F0		F2 F77 02F		
Diluted average common shares outstanding	¢.	54,913,329	φ	55,363,258	φ	53,577,935		
Reported: Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.28	\$	0.52	\$	0.48		
Adjusted: Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.28	\$	0.57	\$	0.50		
Average total assets	\$	9,688,177	\$	9,713,858	\$	8,865,642		
		, ,		, , , , ,				
Reported : Return on average assets ¹		0.64%	ó	1.17%		1.17%		
Adjusted: Return on average assets ¹		0.64%	ó	1.30%		1.22%		

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Annualized measure.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures – Adjusted Net Interest Margin

		Three Months Ended							
		March 31, 2020	De	ecember 31, 2019		March 31, 2019			
Reported: Net interest income	\$	69,433	\$	71,936	\$	68,383			
Tax-equivalent adjustment		730		781		677			
Purchase accounting accretion related to business combinations		(2,827)		(2,983)		(2,994)			
Adjusted: Net interest income	\$	67,336	\$	69,734	\$	66,066			
Average interest-earning assets	\$	8,817,544	\$	8,810,505	\$	8,088,396			
Reported : Net interest margin ¹		3.20%	<u>, </u>	3.27%	,	3.469			
Adjusted : Net Interest margin ¹		3.07%		3.14%	,	3.319			

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Annualized measure.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures – Adjusted Efficiency Ratio

		Т	hree	Months Ended	l	
	March 31, 2020		December 31, 2019			March 31, 2019
Reported: Net Interest income	\$	69,433	\$	71,936	\$	68,383
Tax- equivalent adjustment		730		781		677
Tax-equivalent interest income	\$	70,163	\$	72,717	\$	69,060
Reported: Non-interest income	\$	27,517	\$	31,638	\$	25,945
Net losses/gains on sales of securities and unrealized losses/ gains recognized on equity						
securities		(587)		(605)		(42)
Adjusted: Non-interest income	\$	26,930	\$	31,033	\$	25,903
Reported: Non-interest expense	\$	60,514	\$	65,490	\$	57,163
Amortization of intangible assets		(2,557)		(2,681)		(2,094)
Non-operating adjustments:						
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		-		(405)		-
Data processing		-		(1,368)		(107)
Other		(145)		(1,879)		(1,372)
Adjusted: Non-interest expense	\$	57,812	\$	59,157	\$	53,590
Reported: Efficiency ratio		59.69%		60.54%		57.99%
Adjusted: Efficiency ratio		59.54%		57.02%		56.43%

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures – Tangible Common Equity, Tangible Common Equity to Tangible Assets, Tangible Book Value per Share and Return on Average Tangible Common Equity

		As of and for the Three Months Ended							
	-	March 31, 2020			ecember 31, 2019		March 31, 2019		
	_								
Total assets	\$,	9,721,405	\$	9,695,729	\$	9,537,334		
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net			(370,572)		(373,129)		(377,739)		
Tax effect of other intangible assets, net			16,530		17,247		17,751		
Tangible assets	\$	ì	9,367,363	\$	9,339,847	\$	9,177,346		
	=								
Total stockholders' equity			1,217,585		1,220,434		1,186,141		
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net			(370,572)		(373,129)		(377,739)		
Tax effect of other intangible assets, net			16,530		17,247		17,751		
Tangible common equity	\$,	863,543	\$	864,552	\$	826,153		
	=								
Ending number of common shares outstanding			54,401,208		54,788,772		55,624,627		
Tangible common equity to tangible assets ¹			9.22%		9.26%		9.00%		
Tangible book value per share	\$,	15.57	\$	15.46	\$	14.53		
Average common equity	\$,	1,218,160	\$	1,224,447	\$	1,109,872		
Average goodwill and other intangible assets, net	_		(372,240)		(379,268)		(352,587)		
Average tangible common equity	\$,	845,920	\$	845,179	\$	757,285		
	=								
Reported: Return on average tangible common equity 2			7.30%		13.41%		13.64%		
Adjusted: Return on average tangible common equity ^{2,3}			7.36%		14.92%		14.25%		

 $^{^{1}}$ Tax-effected measure.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Annualized measure.

 $^{^{3}}$ Calculated using adjusted net income.

Special Note Concerning Forward-Looking Statements

Statements made in this document, other than those concerning historical financial information, may be considered forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business of the Company. Forward-looking statements, which may be based upon beliefs, expectations and assumptions of the Company's management and on information currently available to management, are generally identifiable by the use of words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "plan," "intend," "estimate," "may," "will," "would," "could," "should" or other similar expressions. Additionally, all statements in this document, including forward-looking statements, speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update any statement in light of new information or future events. A number of factors, many of which are beyond the Company's ability to control or predict, could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the Company's forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others, the following: (i) the strength of the local, state, national and international economy (including the impact of the 2020 presidential election and the impact of tariffs, a U.S. withdrawal from or significant negotiation of trade agreements, trade wars and other changes in trade regulations); (ii) the economic impact of any future terrorist threats or attacks, widespread disease or pandemics (including the COVID-19 pandemic in the United States), or other adverse external events that could cause economic deterioration or instability in credit markets; (iii) changes in state and federal laws, regulations and governmental policies concerning the Company's general business; (iv) changes in accounting policies and practices, including CECL, that will change how the Company estimates credit losses; (v) changes in interest rates and prepayment rates of the Company's assets (including the impact of The London Inter-bank Offered Rate phase-out); (vi) increased competition in the financial services sector and the inability to attract new customers; (vii) changes in technology and the ability to develop and maintain secure and reliable electronic systems; (viii) the loss of key executives or associates; (ix) changes in consumer spending; (x) unexpected results of current and/or future acquisitions, which may include failure to realize the anticipated benefits of the acquisition and the possibility that the transaction costs may be greater than anticipated; (xi) unexpected outcomes of existing or new litigation involving the Company; and (xii) the economic impact of exceptional weather occurrences such as tornadoes, hurricanes, floods, and blizzards. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. Additional information concerning the Company and its business, including additional factors that could materially affect its financial results, is included in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

April 28, 2020

1Q20 QUARTERLY SUPPLEMENT



Special Note Concerning Forward-Looking Statements

Statements made in this document, other than those concerning historical financial information, may be considered forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business of the Company. Forwardlooking statements, which may be based upon beliefs, expectations and assumptions of the Company's management and on information currently available to management, are generally identifiable by the use of words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "plan," "intend," "estimate," "may," "will," "would," "could," "should" or other similar expressions. Additionally, all statements in this document, including forward-looking statements, speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update any statement in light of new information or future events. A number of factors, many of which are beyond the Company's ability to control or predict, could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the Company's forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others, the following: (i) the strength of the local, state, national and international economy (including the impact of the 2020 presidential election and the impact of tariffs, a U.S. withdrawal from or significant negotiation of trade agreements, trade wars and other changes in trade regulations); (ii) the economic impact of any future terrorist threats or attacks, widespread disease or pandemics (including the COVID-19 pandemic in the United States), or other adverse external events that could cause economic deterioration or instability in credit markets; (iii) changes in state and federal laws, regulations and governmental policies concerning the Company's general business; (iv) changes in accounting policies and practices, including CECL, that will change how the Company estimates credit losses; (v) changes in interest rates and prepayment rates of the Company's assets (including the impact of The London Inter-bank Offered Rate phase-out); (vi) increased competition in the financial services sector and the inability to attract new customers; (vii) changes in technology and the ability to develop and maintain secure and reliable electronic systems; (viii) the loss of key executives or associates; (ix) changes in consumer spending; (x) unexpected results of current and/or future acquisitions, which may include failure to realize the anticipated benefits of the acquisition and the possibility that the transaction costs may be greater than anticipated; (xi) unexpected outcomes of existing or new litigation involving the Company; and (xii) the economic impact of exceptional weather occurrences such as tornadoes, hurricanes, floods, and blizzards. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. Additional information concerning the Company and its business, including additional factors that could materially affect its financial results, is included in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Table of Contents

Protecting the Well-Being of Associates and Customers	4
Supporting Financial Needs of Customers	5
Participation in the CARES Act Paycheck Protection Program	6
Protecting a Strong Balance Sheet	7
Robust Capital Foundation	8
Entering Credit Cycle from Position of Strength	9
Current Expected Credit Loss (CECL) Implementation	10
Adoption of CECL Fortifies Loan Loss Reserves	11
Ample Sources of Liquidity	12
Diversified Loan Portfolio	14
Low Levels of Concentrated Exposure	15
Quarterly Earnings Review	17
Net Interest Margin	18
Diversified and Significant Sources of Fee Income	19
Focused Control on Expenses	20
Core Earnings Power	21
Wealth Management	22



Protecting the Well-Being of Associates and Customers

As a result of comprehensive advance planning, we were able to rapidly implement our pandemic business continuity plan to protect our associates and customers.

COVID-19 Response Actions

- Established COVID-19 crisis leadership team who meets daily to assess, refine, and continually execute on the various phases and challenges related to this pandemic
- Remote Workforce Rollout
 - Enabled nearly 60% of Busey's workforce to work remotely
 - Suspension of non-essential business travel and meetings
 - Associates encouraged to utilize online services for client and internal meetings

Enhanced Associate Benefits

- Instituted a new Emergency Sick Leave policy for all full-time and part-time associates
- Busey is paying the fee for virtual medical visits for associates and their covered dependents through June 30 as well as authorizing coverage of COVID-19 testing through its insurance plan
- Through Busey's wellness portal, on-demand comprehensive wellness tools are available as well as an associate assistance program to ensure emotional support during these challenging times

Branch Network Adjustments

- Lobby service temporarily suspended at all locations moving in-person banking services to driveups and limited in-person appointments for safe deposit boxes
- Cleaning and sanitization of all locations has been increased as well as providing protective supplies
- Busey's Customer Care team remains available six days a week to assist customers via phone, online chat or email. Customers are also able to access the branch team they know and trust
- A dedicated hotline was established, offering support to customers seeking financial relief

Communication Efforts

 A Communications Task Force was developed, covering various departments within the organization. Working closely with county health departments and local authorities, the task force continues to assess and develop informational content for associates, customers and community members

Supporting Financial Needs of Customers

COVID-19 Response Actions

Commercial and Small Business Clients

- We are offering several options to Busey's qualifying business customers to help them through this period
 of economic disruption. Various six-month modification programs with opt-ins from the customer in 90day intervals are available, including a 90-day deferral of principal & interest or interest only payment
 options
 - Through April 24th, deferred payments on 794 business loans representing principal balances of \$844mm, equivalent to approximately 14% of the Commercial loan portfolio

Personal Loan and Mortgage Customers

- For those experiencing or anticipating hardships due to COVID-19, Busey is offering multiple payment deferral options for qualifying customers with loans - personal, auto, home equity, mortgages and more.
 There will be no credit bureau impact with granted deferrals
 - 1,605 customer request applications received
 - 659 mortgage and retail loan deferrals already processed representing \$98mm, or approximately
 7% of retail portfolio, of principal balances for loans that we hold on our balance sheet
 - 563 mortgage loan deferrals of nearly \$74mm, or approximately 3%, of principal balances of loans in our servicing portfolio

Select Customer Fee Waivers

- Busey developed a Financial Relief Program designed to alleviate some of the hardships qualifying customers may face as a result of the pandemic itself or the resulting economic impact. For the next six months, Busey is automatically offering:
 - Waiver of pre-authorized transfer fees to prevent overdrafts
 - Waiver of charge for each pre-authorized transfer over six per monthly statement cycle on consumer/personal savings and money market accounts
 - Free debit card replacement and express delivery of cards to customers

Participating in the CARES Act Paycheck Protection Program

- As part of the CARES Act, Congress appropriated approximately \$349 billion for the creation of the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) as well as approving on April 24, 2020 an additional \$310 billion for the PPP. This program provides payroll assistance for the nation's nearly 30 million small businesses—and select nonprofits—in the form of 100% guaranteed loans from the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA).
- In summary, eligible borrowers work with lenders to apply for, and receive, loans up to 2.5 times their average monthly payroll expenses for the prior year. Loans, which can be issued between April 3, 2020 and June 30, 2020, will carry a one percent interest rate with a two-year term. Loan payments are deferred for the first six months of the loan.
- Busey was a bridge for this program and actively helped our customers sign up for this important financial resource.

Small Business Applications & Loan Funding

- As of April 24, 2020, Busey has received 2,845 customer requests with an average loan request of approximately \$270k related to the first phase of PPP:
 - Through April 24, 2020, Busey funded 2,508 PPP loans totaling \$657mm
 - Projected PPP loan fundings completed by end of April of \$675mm based on application requests with assigned SBA GP numbers in the first phase
 - It is anticipated that a substantial portion of these loans will be funded through the Federal Reserve PPPL Facility, subject to clarification of final terms and process, to take advantage of low cost funding and capital relief (leverage ratio)

Protecting a Strong Balance Sheet



- · Capital ratios significantly in excess of well-capitalized minimums
- · Regulatory capital relief on CECL implementation and PPP loans
- TCE/TA ratio of 9.22% at 3/31/20
- · Suspended our share repurchase program on March 16, 2020
- TBV per share of \$15.57 at 3/31/20, up 7.2% year-over-year

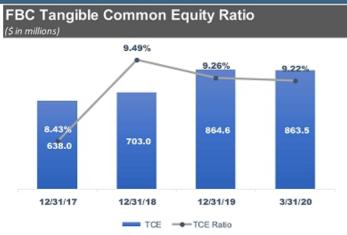
Credit

- · Diversified portfolio, conservatively underwritten with low levels of concentration
- NPAs/Assets: 0.32% Classified Assets/Capital: 10.8%
- Following adoption of CECL → ACL/Loans: 1.25% ACL/NPLs: 310%
- 100 / 300 Test: 43% C&D 232% CRE

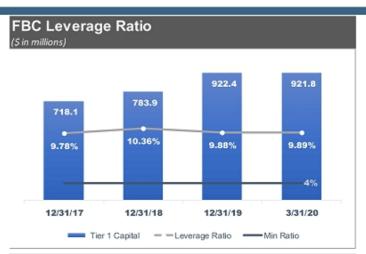


- Robust bank-level liquidity: 84.6% LTD Ratio
 Core Deposits/Total Deposits: 95.9%
- Borrowings accounted for less than 3% of total funding at 3/31/20
- \$2.1 billion in cash & securities (64% unpledged)
- Substantial sources of off-balance sheet contingent funding (\$3.2 billion, excluding PPPLF)
- · Bolstered FBC liquidity with upstream dividend from bank and existing line draw

Robust Capital Foundation





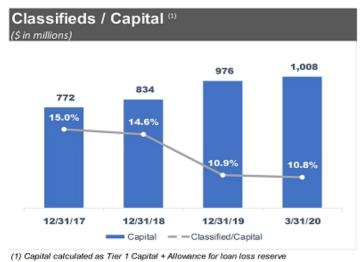


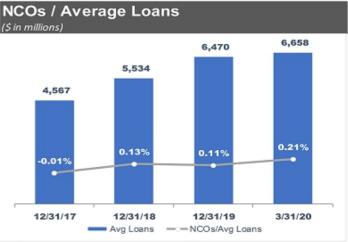
FBC as of 3/31/2020 ⁽¹⁾ (\$ in millions)	Total Capital Ratio	Tier 1 Capital Ratio	Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio
Current Ratio	13.9%	12.2%	11.2%
Minimum Well Capitalized Ratio	10.0%	8.0%	6.5%
Amount of Capital	1,046.7	921.8	847.8
Well Capitalized Minimum	755.6	604.5	491.1
Excess Amount over Well-Capitalized	291.1	317.3	356.7

Entering Credit Cycle from Position of Strength

Loan Portfolio Credit Quality						
(\$ in thousands)	3/31/19	12/31/19	3/31/20			
Delinquencies (30-89)	10,780	14,271	10,150			
NPLs	36,586	29,507	27,212			
OREO	921	3,057	3,553			
NPAs	37,507	32,564	30,765			
Classified Assets	121,523	106,879	108,673			
C&D /Capital (100% test)	32%	41%	43%			
CRE /Capital (300% test)	193%	229%	232%			





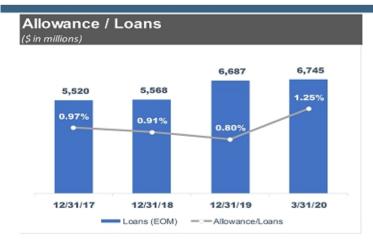


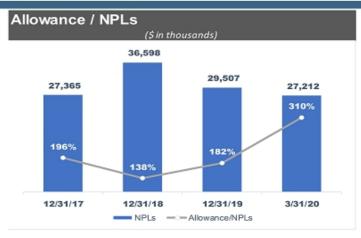
Current Expected Credit Loss (CECL) Implementation

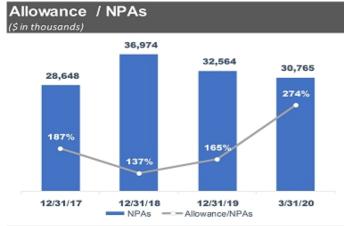
- On January 1, 2020, the Company adopted ASU 2016-13 (Topic 326), "Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments," commonly referenced as the CECL model. Upon adoption of CECL, we recognized:
 - \$16.8 million increase in our allowance for credit losses, substantially attributable to the remaining loan fair value marks on prior acquisitions
 - \$5.5 million increase in our reserve for unfunded commitments (carried in other liabilities)
 - Total Day 1 increase of 41.54% over 12/31/19 reserve balance
 - These one-time increases, net of tax, were \$15.9 million and recorded as an adjustment to beginning retained earnings
- During the first quarter of 2020, the Company recorded provision for credit losses of \$17.2 million and provision for unfunded commitments of \$1.0 million primarily as a result of economic factors around COVID-19
 - While our portfolio has not yet demonstrated material indications of weakness, provisioning under CECL reflects deteriorating economic conditions and expectations for credit stress to emerge in future periods
 - Total Day 2 increase of 69.11% over 12/31/19 reserve balance and 19.48% over CECL Day 1 balance
 - Ongoing impacts of the CECL methodology will be dependent upon changes in economic conditions and forecasts, originated and acquired loan portfolio composition, credit performance trends, portfolio duration, and other factors
- Increase in allowance for credit losses moves allowance for credit losses as a percentage of portfolio loans to 1.25% at March 31, 2020 and allowance for credit losses as a percentage of nonperforming loans to 310%

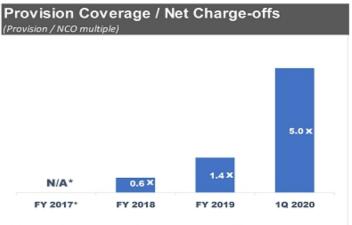
10

Adoption of CECL Fortifies Loan Loss Reserves





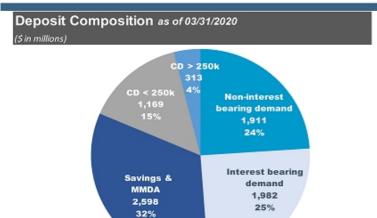


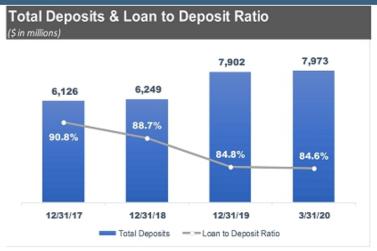


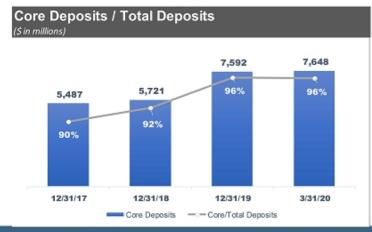
*4Q17 provision expense was \$5.303mm and net recoveries were \$.484mm

11

Ample Sources of Liquidity





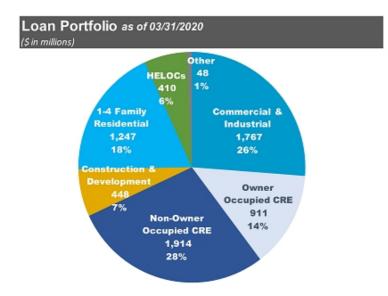


Contingency Liquidity	
(\$ in millions)	Total Balances
Unpledged Securities	1,122
Available FHLB	1,591
FRB Discount	529
Fed Funds Lines	325
Brokered Availability (10% deposits)	786
PPPLF Availability	657
*PPPLF availability as of April 24, 2020	
*All other reported balances as of March 31 ,2020	

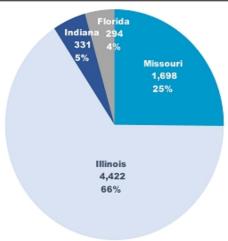
ADDITIONAL LOAN PORTFOLIO DETAIL



Diversified Loan Portfolio







Low Levels of Concentrated Exposure

Commercial Portfolio Segmentation			% of			
o o i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		% of Total	Classified	Segmentation	Classified	Segmentation
(\$ in millions)	Balances	Loans	Accruing	Balance	Non-Accrual	Balance
Traveler Accommodations	183.7	2.7%	1.9	1.0%	0.0	0.0%
Restaurant & Dining Establishments	90.4	1.3%	0.0	0.1%	2.1	2.4%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	144.4	2.1%	1.7	1.2%	0.0	0.0%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	37.9	0.6%	2.7	7.2%	1.0	2.7%
Construction	325.8	4.8%	5.3	1.6%	0.4	0.1%
Educational Services	161.1	2.4%	3.9	2.4%	0.0	0.0%
Finance and Insurance	223.6	3.3%	0.2	0.1%	0.0	0.0%
Health Care and Social Assistance	471.4	7.0%	7.2	1.5%	0.2	0.0%
Manufacturing	303.4	4.5%	15.9	5.2%	1.4	0.5%
Mining, Quarrying, Oil and Gas Extraction	2.5	0.0%	0.0	0.0%	0.0	0.0%
Real Estate	2,350.6	34.8%	15.1	0.6%	3.5	0.1%
Retail Trade	223.4	3.3%	1.8	0.8%	0.7	0.3%
Transportation and Warehousing	74.1	1.1%	5.7	7.7%	0.0	0.0%
Wholesale Trade	236.7	3.5%	1.3	0.6%	0.2	0.1%
Other	411.4	6.1%	13.9	3.4%	7.6	1.9%

			4 000	2,043	2,061	2,114	2,117	2,05
1,9	32	1,946	1,982					
	56.0%	56.3%	56.9%	58.2%	57.6%	58.3%	58.1%	56.9%
3/2/	20	3/9/20	3/16/20	3/23/20 Funded Dra	3/30/20	4/6/20 Utilized	4/13/20	4/20/20

(\$ in millions)	Balances	0/ of Total
\$ in millions)	Balances	% of Total Loans
Continuing Care	15	0.2%
H otel	159	2.4%
IndustrialW arehouse	225	3.3%
Land Acquisition and Development	103	1.5%
Multifamily-Apartments	403	6.0%
Multifamily-Student Housing	308	4.6%
Nursing Homes	70	1.0%
O ffice	275	4.1%
R etail	450	6.7%
Senior Housing	125	1.9%
Specialty	77	1.1%
Undefined CRE	145	2.2%

QUARTERLY FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE



Quarterly Earnings Review

Net Interest Income

- · Net Interest Margin impacted by Fed rate cuts of 150 bps during the quarter
- NIM decreased 7 bps vs 4Q19 from 3.27% to 3.20%
- · 15 bps decline in asset yields offset by 8 bps improvement in funding costs
- · Accretion income accounted for 13 bps of NIM, in line with expectations

Non Interest Income

- · Non-interest income of \$27.5 million in 1Q20, equated to 28% of operating revenue
- · Wealth Management revenue up 3% linked quarter and 28% vs. 1Q19
- Reduced \$1.2 million in 1Q20 by New Market Tax Credit (offset in the income taxes line)
- First quarter is customarily seasonally light for customer service fees
- · Mortgage revenue negatively impacted by \$0.6mm adjustment to MSR amortization

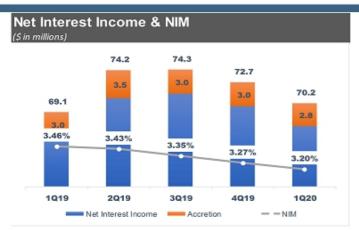
Non Interest Expense

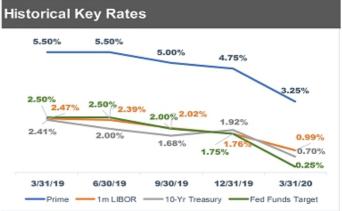
- · Adjusted non-interest expense of \$57.8 million equates to 59.5% adjusted efficiency ratio
- Adjusted excludes intangible amortization (\$2.6mm) and one-time acq. related items (\$0.1mm)
- Expenses in quarter impacted by \$1.0 million increase to reserve for unfunded commitments under CECL
- Anticipated efficiency gains for 2020 expected to deliver \$5 10 million in savings 2Q20 4Q20 versus budget

Earnings

- · Core net income of \$15.5mm or \$0.28 per share
- 0.64% ROAA and 7.4% ROATCE
- · 1Q20 results impacted significantly by adoption of CECL amidst COVID-19
 - Provision expense in excess of NCOs; \$14.8 million (~\$0.21 per share, after-tax)
- · Common dividend of \$0.22 per share declared on April 14th, payable on May 1st

Net Interest Margin



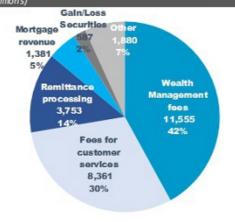


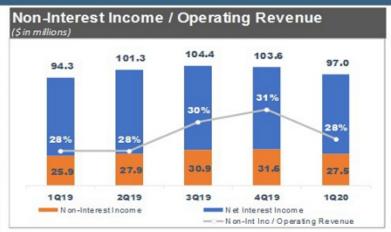


Diversified and Significant Sources of Fee Income

Non-Interest Income	E. 2667 E. 207	CONTRACTOR	CONTRACTOR
(\$ in thousands)	1Q19	4Q19	1Q20
Wealth management fees	9,029	11,223	11,555
Fees for customer services	8,097	9,048	8,361
Remittance processing	3,780	3,765	3,753
Mortgage revenue	1,945	3,576	1,381
Income on bank owned life insurance	978	1,142	1,057
Security gains (losses), net	42	605	587
Other income	2,074	2,279	823
Total Non-Interest Income	25,945	31,638	27,517

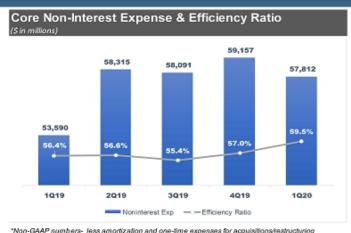




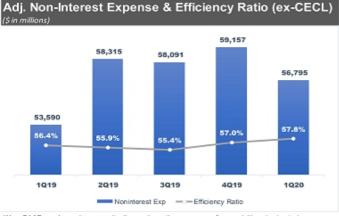


- First quarter is customarily seasonally light for customer service fees
 - the ultimate impact of COVID-19 on customer service fees has yet to be determined
- 1Q20 non-interest income reduced by \$1.2mm for NMTC charge (offset in taxes) and \$0.6mm for adjustment in MSR amortization related to our core system conversion in 4Q19 (negative impact to mortgage revenue)
- Excluding these items, non-interest income would have been \$29.3mm in 1Q20

Focused Control on Expenses



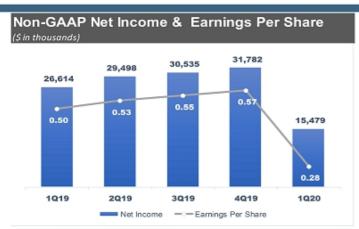


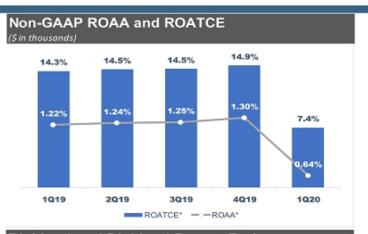


*Non-GAAP numbers- less amortization and one-time expenses for acquisitions/restructuring

- Core adjusted expenses of \$56.8mm in 1Q20 excluding amortization, acquisition / restructuring related charges and CECL (unfunded reserve)
- Lowest level since 2Q19, which was the first full quarter of combined operations following the acquisition of TheBANK of Edwardsville
- Margin compression resulting from Fed rate cuts has been the largest driver of the uptick in the efficiency ratio since 3Q19
- Additional expense reductions versus budget expected in 2Q20 – 4Q20; anticipated to be \$5 - 10 million in aggregate

Core Earnings Power





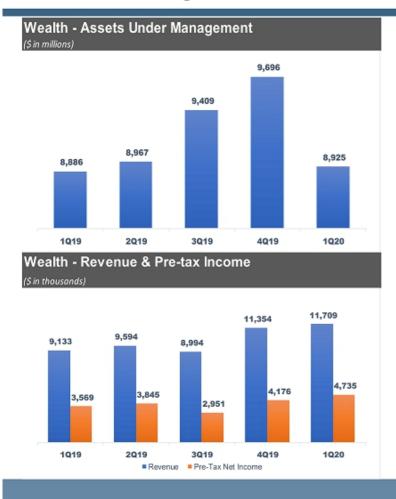




*Based on adjusted non-GAAP numbers which don't include one-time expenses for acquisitions/restructuring and 1Q20 also excludes the \$1.0 million provision for unfunded commitments and \$1.2 million NMTC and NMTC change to 2Q19



Wealth Management



- Conducted a successful core system conversion of Investors Securities Trust in 1Q20 (acquisition closed in 3Q19)
- Conducted an aggressive client communication program in February and March which included webinars, email blasts, podcasts, social media and a robust outbound calling program
- Had positive net asset flows for the first quarter which included \$127.4 million in new assets booked during the quarter
- 90-day new asset pipeline has remained constant throughout COVID-19 crisis at \$150.0 million
- Pre-tax profit margin of 40.4% in the Wealth Management segment in 1Q20